



2020 WATER QUALITY REPORT

OLDEN SYSTEM, TX PWS 0670023

July 1, 2021

Staff Water Supply Corporation
P.O. Box 421, Ranger, TX 76470

2020 Consumer Confidence Report for Public Water System STAFF WSC OLDEN AREA

This is your water quality report for January 1 to December 31, 2020

For more information regarding this report contact:

STAFF WSC OLDEN AREA provides surface water from Lake Leon located in Eastland County, Eastland, TX.

Name Staff WSC

Phone 254-647-5133

Este reporte incluye información importante sobre el agua para tomar. Para asistencia en español, favor de llamar al teléfono (254) 647-5133.

Definitions and Abbreviations

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The following tables contain scientific terms and measures, some of which may require explanation.

Action Level:

The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

AVG:

Regulatory compliance with some MCLs are based on running annual average of monthly samples.

Level 1 Assessment:

A Level 1 assessment is a study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system.

Level 2 Assessment:

A Level 2 assessment is a very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an E. coli MCL violation has occurred and/or why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system on multiple occasions.

Maximum Contaminant Level or MCL:

The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal or MCLG:

The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum residual disinfectant level or MRDL:

The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

Maximum residual disinfectant level goal or MRDLG:

The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

MFL

million fibers per liter (a measure of asbestos)

mrem:

millirems per year (a measure of radiation absorbed by the body)

na:

not applicable.

NTU

nephelometric turbidity units (a measure of turbidity)

pCi/L

picocuries per liter (a measure of radioactivity)

Definitions and Abbreviations

ppb:	micrograms per liter or parts per billion
ppm:	milligrams per liter or parts per million
ppq	parts per quadrillion, or picograms per liter (pg/L)
ppt	parts per trillion, or nanograms per liter (ng/L)
Treatment Technique or TT:	A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Information about your Drinking Water

The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the EPAs Safe Drinking Water Hotline at (800) 426-4791.

Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.
- Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally-occurring or result from urban storm water runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.
- Pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm water runoff, and residential uses.
- Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban storm water runoff, and septic systems.
- Radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. FDA regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health.

Contaminants may be found in drinking water that may cause taste, color, or odor problems. These types of problems are not necessarily causes for health concerns. For more information on taste, odor, or color of drinking water, please contact the system's business office.

You may be more vulnerable than the general population to certain microbial contaminants, such as *Cryptosporidium*, in drinking water. Infants, some elderly, or immunocompromised persons such as those undergoing chemotherapy for cancer; persons who have undergone organ transplants; those who are undergoing treatment with steroids; and people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, can be particularly at risk from infections. You should seek advice about drinking water from your physician or health care providers. Additional guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by *Cryptosporidium* are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. We are responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but we cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>.

Public Participation Opportunities

Staff WSC is governed by a board of directors, which meet every second Monday of every month at 6:00 PM at 620 W. Loop 254, Ranger, TX. You may contact the office for more information at 254-647-5133.

Water Loss at the Treatment Plant

During the time period from January 1, 2019, through December 31, 2019, our system used an estimate 75, 463,000 gallons of water (approximately 15% of what entered the plant) after it entered our water treatment plant for washing filters and other plant production processes. If you have any questions about the water loss figure, please call 254-647-1320.

Information about Source Water

STAFF WSC OLDEN AREA purchases water from CITY OF RANGER. City of Ranger provides purchased surface water from Lake Leon supplied by Eastland County Water Supply District located in Eastland County, Eastland, TX.

2020 Water Quality Test Results Eastland County Water Supply District PWS 0670019

Disinfection By-Products	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Individual Samples	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Chlorite	2020	0.534	0.152-1.39	0.8	1	ppm	N	By-product of drinking water disinfection.

Haloacetic Acids (HAAs) *	2020	30.5	20.6-46.0	No goal for the total	60	ppb	N	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
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*The value in the Highest Level or Average Detected column is the highest average of all TTHM sample results collected at a location over a year.

Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM) *	2020	52.3	21.7 – 81.8	No goal for the total	80	ppb	N	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
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Inorganic Contaminants	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Individual Samples	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Arsenic	2020	0	Below detectable limit	0	10	ppb	N	Runoff natural deposits; Runoff from orchards. Runoff from glass and electronics production wastes.
Barium	2020	0.12	0.12-0.12	2	2	ppm	N	Discharge of drilling wastes; Discharge from metal Refineries; Erosion of natural deposits.
Fluoride	2019	0.117	0.117 - 0.117	4	4.0	ppm	N	Erosion of natural deposits; Water additive which Promotes strong teeth, Discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories.
Nitrate [measured as Nitrogen]	2019	0.358	0.358-0.358	10	10	ppm	N	Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits.

* EPA considers 50 pCi/L to be the level of concern for beta particles.

Disinfectant Residual

Disinfectant Residual	Year	Average Level	Range of Levels Detected	MRDL	MRDLG	Unit of Measure	Violation	Source in Drinking Water
Chloramines	2020	2.42	0.90-4.5	4	4	ppm	N	Water additive used to control microbes.

Turbidity

	Level Detected	Limit (Treatment Technique)	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Highest single measurement	0.200 NTU	1 NTU	N	Soil runoff.
Lowest monthly % meeting limit	100%	0.3 NTU	N	Soil Runoff.

Information Statement: Turbidity is a measurement of the cloudiness of the water caused by suspended particles. We monitor it because it is a good indicator of water quality and the effectiveness of our filtration system and disinfectants.

Total Organic Carbon

Our system uses membrane filtration and is not required to remove TOC in the treatment plant.

Violations

Maximum Contaminant Level of Violations

Type	Date	Explanation	Length	Steps Taken to Correct the Violation	Health Effects Language

Violations Other Than Maximum Contaminant Levels

Type	Date	Explanation	Length	Steps Taken to Correct the Violation	Health Effects Language
Monitoring Violation for SWMOR Report	June 2020	The ECWSD failed to conduct a membrane integrity test in June 2020 on a day when we were required to.	NA	The ECWSD has modified the membrane filtration system to automatically conduct the membrane integrity test when required.	Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not your drinking water is safe. The Eastland County Water Supply District did not complete all of the monitoring and/or reporting for membrane integrity as required, and therefore TCEQ cannot be sure of the safety of your drinking water during that time.

2020 Water Quality Test Results
 City of Ranger, TX, PWS 0670004

Lead and Copper	Date Sampled	MCLG	Action Level (AL)	90th Percentile	# Stes Over AL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Copper	2020	1.3	1.3	0.5	0	ppm	N	Erosion of natural deposits; Leaching from wood preservatives; Corrosion of household plumbing systems.
Lead	2020	0	15	2.6	0	ppb	N	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits.

Disinfection By-Products	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Individual Samples	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Haloacetic Acids (HAAs)	2020	29	17-29.3	No goal for the total	60	ppb	N	By-product of drinking water disinfection.

*The value in the Highest Level or Average Detected column is the highest average of all HAAs sample results collected at a location over a year.

Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM)	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Individual Samples	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM)	2020	50	33.4-53.4	No goal for the total	80	ppb	N	By-product of drinking water disinfection.

*The value in the Highest Level or Average Detected column is the highest average of all TTHM sample results collected at a location over a year.

Inorganic Contaminants	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Individual Samples	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Nitrate [measured as Nitrogen]	2020	0.0805	0.0805-0.0805	10	10	ppm	N	Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewerage; Erosion of natural deposits.

2020 Water Quality Test Results
 Staff WSC Olden System, TX 0670023

TCEQ completed a Source Water Susceptibility for all drinking water systems that own their sources. This report describes the susceptibility and types of constituents that may come into contact with the drinking water source based on human activities and natural conditions. The system(s) from which we purchase our water received the assessment report. For more information on source water assessments and protection efforts at our system contact **Linda Meroney** at 254-647-5133.

Lead and Copper	Date Sampled	MCLG	Action Level (AL)	90th Percentile	# Sites Over AL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Copper	09/18/2018	1.3	1.3	0.245	0	ppm	N	Erosion of natural deposits; Leaching from wood preservatives; Corrosion of household plumbing sustants

Disinfection By-Products	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Individual Samples	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Haloacetic Acids (HAA5)	2020	30	20 - 31.4	No goal for the total	60	ppb	N	By-product of drinking water disinfection.

*The value in the Highest Level or Average Detected column is the highest average of all HAA5 sample results collected at a location over a year.

Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM)	2020	47	24.1 - 51.7	No goal for the total	80	ppb	N	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
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*The value in the Highest Level or Average Detected column is the highest average of all TTHM sample results collected at a location over a year.

Inorganic Contaminants	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Individual Samples	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Nitrate [measured as Nitrogen]	2020	0.117	0.117 - 0.117	10	10	ppm	N	Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewerage; Erosion of natural deposits.

Disinfectant Residual

A blank disinfectant residual table has been added to the CCR template, you will need to add data to the fields. Your data can be taken off the Disinfectant Level Quarterly Operating Reports (DLQOR).

Disinfectant Residual	Year	Average Level	Range of Levels Detected	MRDL	MRDLG	Unit of Measure	Violation (Y/N)	Source in Drinking Water
Chloramines	2020	2.08	0.5-3.6	4	4	Mg/L	N	Water additive used to control microbes. Chloramine's total.